Newborn Screening ACT Sheet
[Elevated C14:1 +/- other long-chain Acylcarnitines]
Very Long-Chain Acyl-CoA Dehydrogenase (VLCAD) Deficiency

Differential Diagnosis: Very long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (VLCAD) deficiency.

Condition Description: VLCAD deficiency is a fatty acid oxidation (FAO) disorder. Fatty acid oxidation occurs during prolonged fasting and/or periods of increased energy demands (fever, stress), when energy production relies increasingly on fat metabolism. In a FAO disorder, fatty acids and potentially toxic derivatives accumulate because of a deficiency in one of the mitochondrial FAO enzymes.

YOU SHOULD TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:

- Contact family to inform them of the newborn screening result and ascertain clinical status (poor feeding, vomiting, lethargy).
- Consult with pediatric metabolic specialist.
- Evaluate the newborn (poor feeding, lethargy, hypotonia, hepatomegaly, arrhythmia, evidence of cardiac decompensation). If signs are present or infant is ill, initiate emergency treatment with IV glucose and oxygen. Transport to hospital for further treatment in consultation with metabolic specialist. If infant is normal initiate timely confirmatory/diagnostic testing, as recommended by specialist.
- Educate family about need for infant to avoid fasting. If the infant becomes even mildly ill (poor feeding, vomiting, or lethargy), immediate treatment with IV glucose is needed.
- Report findings to newborn screening program.

Diagnostic Evaluation: Plasma acylcarnitine profile may show increased C14:1 acylcarnitine (and lesser elevations of other long chain acylcarnitines). Diagnosis is confirmed in consultation with the metabolic specialist by mutation analysis of the VLCAD gene and additional biochemical genetic tests.

Clinical Considerations: VLCAD deficiency may present acutely in the neonate and is associated with high mortality unless treated promptly; milder variants exist. Features of severe VLCAD deficiency in infancy include hepatomegaly, cardiomyopathy and arrhythmias, lethargy, hypoketotic hypoglycemia, and failure to thrive. Treatment is available.

Additional Information:
- New England Consortium of Metabolic Programs
- Genetics Home Reference

Referral (local, state, regional and national):
- Testing
- Clinical Services
- Find Genetic Services
LOCAL RESOURCES: Insert State newborn screening program web site links

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Local Resource Site (insert local and regional newborn screening website information)

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APPENDIX: Resources with Full URL Addresses

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Find Genetic Services
http://www.acmg.net/GIS/Disclaimer.aspx