Newborn Screening ACT Sheet — Pompe Disease (Glycogen Storage Disease type II)

**Condition Description:** Pompe disease is a lysosomal storage disorder (LSD) caused by a defect in the acid alpha-glucosidase (GAA) gene, resulting in glycogen accumulation primarily in cardiac and skeletal muscle. There is wide variability in severity and age of onset. Pompe disease is an autosomal recessive disorder.

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**YOU SHOULD TAKE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS:**

- IMMEDIATELY contact a pediatric metabolic specialist and evaluate the newborn with attention to muscle weakness, hypotonia, feeding difficulties, and clinical evidence of heart disease.
- Discuss with the family the newborn screening result and initiate referral to pediatric metabolic specialist.
- Provide the family with basic information about Pompe disease.
- Report final outcome to state newborn screening program.

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**Diagnostic Evaluation:** Confirmatory alpha-glucosidase enzyme assay, ancillary enzymology, (CK, LDH, AST, ALT) determination, urine hexose tetrasaccharide (Hex4), and assessment for cardiomyopathy (CXR, ECG, ECHO). When patients have low enzyme activity, confirmatory GAA gene analysis and other laboratory studies may be required in consultation with the pediatric metabolic specialist.

**Clinical Considerations:** The clinical presentation of Pompe disease ranges from a rapidly progressive infantile form, which is uniformly fatal if untreated, to more slowly progressive later onset forms. All forms of the disorder are eventually associated with progressive muscle weakness and respiratory insufficiency. Cardiomyopathy is associated almost exclusively with the infantile form. Enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) is available for all forms of Pompe disease, and should only be given under the guidance of a metabolic specialist. ERT should be started as soon as possible for patients with the infantile form after evaluating cross-reacting material (CRM) status and determining if immune modulation is appropriate.

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**Additional Information:**

- [GeneReviews](https://www.genereviews.org)
- [OMIM](https://omim.org)

**Referral (local, state, regional and national):**

- [Testing](https://www.acmg.net)
- [Find Clinical Genetic Services](https://www.acmg.net)
- [ACMG Clinic Directory](https://www.acmg.net)

Disclaimer: This guideline is designed primarily as an educational resource for clinicians to help them provide quality medical care. It should not be considered inclusive of all proper procedures and tests or exclusive of other procedures and tests that are reasonably directed to obtaining the same results. Adherence to this guideline does not necessarily ensure a successful medical outcome. In determining the propriety of any specific procedure or test, the clinician should apply his or her own professional judgment to the specific clinical circumstances presented by the individual patient or specimen. Clinicians are encouraged to document the reasons for the use of a particular procedure or test, whether or not it is in conformance with this guideline. Clinicians also are advised to take notice of the date this guideline was adopted, and to consider other medical and scientific information that became available after that date.
## LOCAL RESOURCES

**Local Resource Site** (insert state newborn screening program website information)

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**Local Resource Site** (insert local and regional newborn screening website information)

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## APPENDIX: Resources with Full URL Addresses

### Additional Information:
- **GeneReviews**
- **Genetics Home Reference**
- **OMIM**

### Referral (local, state, regional and national):
- **Testing**

### Find Genetic Services

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